PALM-jet Mg

| Section 1. Identification |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| GHS product identifier | : PALM-jet Mg |
| Product use | : Fertilizer |
| Supplier's details | : Arborjet <br> 99 Blueberry Hill Road <br> Woburn, MA 01801, USA <br> $1-781-935-9070$ |
| e-mail address of person <br> responsible for this SDS | ajinformation@arborjet.com |

## Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status
Classification of the
substance or mixture
GHS label elements

| Signal word | : No signal word. |
| :---: | :---: |
| Hazard statements | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Precautionary statements |  |
| General | : Read label before use. <br> Keep out of reach of children. <br> If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand. |
| Prevention | : Not applicable. |
| Response | : Not applicable. |
| Storage | : Not applicable. |
| Disposal | : Not applicable. |
| Hazards not otherwise classified | : None known. |

## Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

| Substance/mixture | $:$ Mixture |
| :--- | :--- |
| Other means of | $:$ Not available. |

: While this material is not considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200), this SDS contains valuable information critical to the safe handling and proper use of the product. This SDS should be retained and available for employees and other users of this product.
: Not classified.

Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown toxicity: 93.3\%

Substance/mixture
identification
: Not available.

CAS number/other identifiers

| CAS number | $:$ Not applicable. |
| :--- | :--- |
| Product code | $: 030-4130(1$ liter $)$ |

## Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

| Ingredient name | $\%$ | CAS number |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| zinc sulphate (anhydrous) | $\geq 1-<3$ | $7733-02-0$ |
| urea | $\geq 1-<3$ | $57-13-6$ |

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.
There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.
Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

## Section 4. First aid measures

## Description of necessary first aid measures

| Eye contact | : Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Get medical attention if irritation occurs. |
| :---: | :---: |
| Inhalation | : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours. |
| Skin contact | Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. |
| Ingestion | Wash out mouth with water. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. |

## Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

## Potential acute health effects

| Eye contact | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| :--- | :--- |
| Inhalation | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Skin contact | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Ingestion | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |

## Over-exposure signs/symptoms

| Eye contact | $:$ No specific data. |
| :--- | :--- |
| Inhalation | $:$ No specific data. |
| Skin contact | $:$ No specific data. |
| Ingestion | $:$ No specific data. |

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician : In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Specific treatments : No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

## See toxicological information (Section 11)

## Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

## Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

Unsuitable extinguishing media
: Use dry chemical, $\mathrm{CO}_{2}$, water spray (fog) or foam. Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
: None known.

Specific hazards arising
from the chemical

Special protective actions : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if for fire-fighters

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters
: In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst.
: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides sulfur oxides phosphorus oxides metal oxide/oxides

## Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders : If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For nonemergency personnel".

Environmental precautions : Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

## Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Large spill
: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

## Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures
Advice on general occupational hygiene
: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8).
: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

Conditions for safe storage, : Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from including any incompatibilities
direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

## Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

| Ingredient name | Exposure limits |
| :--- | :--- |
| urea | AlHA WEEL (United States, 10/2011). |
|  | TWA: $10 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m}^{3} 8$ hours. |

Appropriate engineering controls

Environmental exposure controls
: Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants.
: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

## Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures

Eye/face protection
: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with sideshields.

## Skin protection

Hand protection

Body protection

Other skin protection

Respiratory protection
: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

Recommended glove materials: polyethylene, butyl rubber, neoprene rubber, or viton
: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
: Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state : Liquid.
Color : Green.
Odor : Sweetish. [Slight]
Odor threshold : Not available.
pH : 3.3
Melting point : Not available.
Boiling point : $82.2^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(180^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$
Flash point : Not available.
Evaporation rate : Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas) : Not available.
Lower and upper explosive : Not available.
(flammable) limits
Vapor pressure : Not available.
Vapor density : Not available.
Relative density : Not available
Solubility : Easily soluble in the following materials: cold water.
Partition coefficient: n - : Not available.
octanol/water
Auto-ignition temperature : Not available.
Decomposition temperature : Not available.
Viscosity : Not available.

## Section 10. Stability and reactivity

## Reactivity

Chemical stability : The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous reactions

Conditions to avoid : No specific data. products

Incompatible materials : Strong acids or alkali materials and strong oxidizers.

Hazardous decomposition : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should
: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur. not be produced. Polymerization will not occur.

## Section 11. Toxicological information

## Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Dose | Exposure |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| urea | LD50 Oral | Rat | $8471 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{kg}$ | - |

## Irritation/Corrosion

## Section 11. Toxicological information

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Score | Exposure | Observation |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| zinc sulphate (anhydrous) | Eyes - Moderate irritant | Rabbit | - | 420 <br> Micrograms <br> 72 hours 22 <br> milligrams <br> Intermittent <br> 24 hours 20 <br> Percent | - |

## Sensitization

Not available.

## Mutagenicity

Not available.
Carcinogenicity
Not available.
Reproductive toxicity
Not available.
Teratogenicity
Not available.
Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)
Not available.
Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)
Not available.

## Aspiration hazard

Not available.

| Information on the likely <br> routes of exposure | : Not available. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Potential acute health effects |  |
| Eye contact : No known significant effects or critical hazards. <br> Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards. <br> Skin contact No known significant effects or critical hazards. <br> Ingestion No known significant effects or critical hazards. |  |

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

| Eye contact | $:$ No specific data. |
| :--- | :--- |
| Inhalation | : No specific data. |
| Skin contact | $:$ No specific data. |
| Ingestion | $:$ No specific data. |

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure
Short term exposure

| Potential immediate <br> effects | : Not available. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Potential delayed effects | : Not available. |
| Long term exposure |  |
| Potential immediate <br> effects | : Not available. |
| Potential delayed effects | $:$ Not available. |

## Section 11. Toxicological information

## Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

| General | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| :--- | :--- |
| Carcinogenicity | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Mutagenicity | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Teratogenicity | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Developmental effects | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Fertility effects | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |

## Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

| Route | ATE value |
| :--- | :--- |
| Oral | $2881 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{kg}$ |

## Section 12. Ecological information

## Toxicity

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Exposure |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| zinc sulphate (anhydrous) | Acute IC50 $44.8 \mu \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{l}$ Fresh water | Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata - Exponential growth phase | 72 hours |
|  | Acute LC50 $4 \mu \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{l}$ Marine water | Crustaceans - Temora stylifera Adult | 48 hours |
|  | Acute LC50 21.8 [g/l Fresh water | Daphnia - Daphnia magna Neonate | 48 hours |
|  | Acute LC50 2.36 ¢g/l Fresh water | Fish - Cirrhinus mrigala | 96 hours |
|  | Chronic NOEC $142.5 \mu \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{l}$ Marine water | Algae - Ulva fasciata - Zoea | 96 hours |
|  | Chronic NOEC $45 \mu \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{I}$ Marine water | Crustaceans - Acanthomysis costata - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling) | 21 days |
|  | Chronic NOEC $1.7 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{l}$ Fresh water | Daphnia - Daphnia magna Neonate | 21 days |
|  | Chronic NOEC $26 \mu \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{l}$ Fresh water | Fish - Jordanella floridae | 100 days |
| urea | Acute EC50 6573.1 mg/l Fresh water | Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate | 48 hours |
|  | Acute EC50 3910000 gg/l Fresh water | Daphnia - Daphnia magna Neonate | 48 hours |
|  | Acute LC50 22.5 ppt Fresh water | Fish - Oreochromis mossambicus - Young | 96 hours |
|  | Chronic NOEC $2 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{L}$ Fresh water | Fish - Heteropneustes fossilis | 30 days |

## Persistence and degradability

Not available.

## Bioaccumulative potential

| Product/ingredient name | LogPow | BCF | Potential |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| zinc sulphate (anhydrous) <br> urea | -0.07 | 60960 | high |
|  | $<-1.73$ | - | low |

Mobility in soil
Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)
: Not available.

## Section 12. Ecological information

Other adverse effects
: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods
: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

|  | DOT <br> Classification | TDG Classification | Mexico Classification | ADR/RID | IMDG | IATA |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| UN number | UN3082 | Not available. | UN3082 | UN3082 | UN3082 | UN3082 |
| UN proper shipping name | ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (iron (II) sulfate) | Not available. | ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (manganese sulphate, iron (II) sulfate) | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \text { ENVIRONMENTALLY } \\ \text { HAZARDOUS } \\ \text { SUBSTANCE, } \\ \text { LIQUID, N.O.S. } \\ \text { (manganese } \\ \text { sulphate, iron } \\ \text { (II) sulfate) } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | ENVIRONMENTALLY <br> HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (manganese sulphate, iron (II) sulfate) | ENVIRONMENTALLY <br> HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (manganese sulphate, iron (II) sulfate) |
| Transport hazard class(es) | 9 | Not available. | 9 | 9 | 9 | 9 |
| Transport Label |  |  | Ally <br> 类 | Alli. <br> 番 |  |  |
| Packing group | III | - | III | III | III | III |
| Environmental hazards | No. | No. | Yes. | Yes. | Marine Pollutant: Yes | Yes. |
| Additional information | Reportable quantity 25000 lbs / 11350 kg [2398.7 gal / $9080 \mathrm{~L}]$ <br> The classification of the product is due solely to the presence of one or more US DOT-listed 'Hazardous substances' that are | - | The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required when transported in sizes of $\leq 5 \mathrm{~L}$ or $\leq 5 \mathrm{~kg}$. | The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required when transported in sizes of $\leq 5 \mathrm{~L}$ or $\leq 5 \mathrm{~kg}$. <br> Tunnel code <br> (E) | The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of $\leq 5 \mathrm{~L}$ or $\leq 5 \mathrm{~kg}$. | The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required when transported in sizes of $\leq 5 \mathrm{~L}$ or $\leq 5 \mathrm{~kg}$. |
| Date of issue/Date of revision |  | : 02/20/2015. Date of previous issue |  | : February 2010. | Version : 2 | $28 / 11$ |

## Section 14. Transport information

|  | subject to <br> reportable <br> quantity <br> requirements <br> and only <br> applies to <br> shipments of <br> packages <br> greater than, or <br> equal to, the <br> product <br> reportable <br> quantity. <br> Package sizes <br> less than the <br> product <br> reportable <br> quantity are <br> not regulated <br> as hazardous <br> materials. |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not available.
to Annex II of MARPOL
73/78 and the IBC Code

## Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations : TSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Partial exemption: Not determined

United States inventory (TSCA 8b): All components are listed or exempted.
Clean Water Act (CWA) 307: zinc sulphate (anhydrous)
Clean Water Act (CWA) 311: zinc sulphate (anhydrous); iron (II) sulfate

Clean Air Act Section 112 : Listed
(b) Hazardous Air

Pollutants (HAPs)
Clean Air Act Section 602 : Not listed
Class I Substances
Clean Air Act Section 602 : Not listed
Class II Substances
DEA List I Chemicals : Not listed
(Precursor Chemicals)
DEA List II Chemicals : Not listed
(Essential Chemicals)
SARA 302/304

## Composition/information on ingredients

No products were found.
SARA 304 RQ : Not applicable.
SARA 311/312
Classification : Not applicable.
Composition/information on ingredients

## Section 15. Regulatory information

| Name | $\%$ | Fire <br> hazard | Sudden <br> release of <br> pressure | Reactive | Immediate <br> (acute) <br> health <br> hazard | Delayed <br> (chronic) <br> health <br> hazard |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| zinc sulphate (anhydrous) <br> urea | $\geq 1-<3$ <br> $\geq 1-<3$ | No. <br> No. | No. <br> No. | No. <br> No. | Yes. <br> Yes. | No. <br> No. |

## SARA 313

|  | Product name | CAS number | $\%$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Form R - Reporting <br> requirements | manganese sulphate <br> zinc sulphate (anhydrous) | $7785-87-7$ <br> $7733-02-0$ | $\geq 5-<7$ |
| $\geq 1-<3$ |  |  |  |$|$| Supplier notification | manganese sulphate <br> zinc sulphate (anhydrous) | $7733-02-7$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the SDS and any copying and redistribution of the SDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the SDS subsequently redistributed.
State regulations
Massachusetts : The following components are listed: ZINC SULFATE; FERROUS SULFATE (HEPAHYDRATE)
New York : The following components are listed: Zinc sulfate; Ferrous sulfate
New Jersey : The following components are listed: ZINC SULFATE; SULFURIC ACID, ZINC SALT (1: 1)

Pennsylvania : The following components are listed: SULFURIC ACID, ZINC SALT (1:1); MANGANESE COMPOUNDS; FERROUS SULFATE

## International requlations

## Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II \& III Chemicals

Not listed.
Montreal Protocol (Annexes A, B, C, E)
Not listed.
Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants
Not listed.

## Rotterdam Convention on Prior Inform Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

## UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.
International lists
National inventory

| Australia | $:$ Not determined. |
| :--- | :--- |
| Canada | $:$ Not determined. |
| China | $:$ Not determined. |
| Europe | $:$ Not determined. |
| Japan | : Not determined. |
| Malaysia | : Not determined. |
| New Zealand | $:$ Not determined. |
| Philippines | $:$ Not determined. |
| Republic of Korea | : Not determined. |
| Taiwan | $:$ Not determined. |

## Section 16. Other information

## National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



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Copyright ©2001, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This warning system is intended to be interpreted and applied only by properly trained individuals to identify fire, health and reactivity hazards of chemicals. The user is referred to certain limited number of chemicals with recommended classifications in NFPA 49 and NFPA 325, which would be used as a guideline only. Whether the chemicals are classified by NFPA or not, anyone using the $\mathbf{7 0 4}$ systems to classify chemicals does so at their own risk.

Procedure used to derive the classification

| Classification |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Not classified. |  |

## History

Date of printing : 02/20/2015.
Date of issue/Date of : 02/20/2015.
revision
Date of previous issue : February 2010.
Version : 2
Key to abbreviations : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
BCF = Bioconcentration Factor
GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
IATA = International Air Transport Association
IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container
IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods
LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL 73/78 = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) UN = United Nations
References : Not available.
$\nabla$ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.
Notice to reader
To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the abovenamed supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.
Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

