

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR 1910.1200 (GHS)

Product name AquaZone Alkalinity Increaser

Product id AS_2059_AQ
Revision date 15/09/2014

Revision date 15/09/2014 Revision: 4

Supersedes 10/08/2011

1. Identification of the substance & the company

Chemical name Sodium Bicarbonate

Synonym(s) Baking Soda, Bicarbonate of Soda

Molecular weight 84.02

Type of product and use For treatment and balancing of pools, spas and hot tubs

Supplier NAVA Water Products

95 MacCorkle Ave. SW, South Charleston, WV 25303,

USA

Toll Free Number: 1-800-811-2327

Emergency Telephone Chemtrec: (800) 424-9300

Medical: (800) 420-9236

2. Hazards identification

GHS Product is not subject to classification according to GHS. No label elements

required.

GHS classification Not classified

Labels and other form of warning Not classified

Symbol(s) Not required

NFPA Ratings (Scale 0-4) Health = 0, Fire = 0, Reactivity = 0.

HMIS Ratings (Scale 0-4) Health = 0, Fire = 0, Reactivity = 0

3. Composition / information on ingredients

Components	CAS No.	Weight %
SODIUM BICARBONATE	144-55-8	100



According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR 1910.1200 (GHS)

Product name AquaZone Alkalinity Increaser

Product id AS_2059_AQ Revision date 15/09/2014

Revision date 15/09/2014 Revision: 4

Supersedes 10/08/2011

4. First-aid measures

Eye contact Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove

contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Get

medical attention immediately.

Skin contact Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. Call a poison

control center or doctor for treatment advice.

Inhalation In case of dust inhalation or breathing fumes released from heated material,

remove person to fresh air. Keep him quiet and warm. Apply artificial respiration if

necessary and get medical attention immediately.

Ingestion If swallowed, wash mouth thoroughly with plenty of water. Get medical attention

Most important symptoms and effects, acute or delayed

Sodium bicarbonate is a GRAS (Generally Recognized As Safe) food ingredient. No significant toxicity is expected.

- Eye Contact Not irritant

- Skin contact Not irritant

- Inhalation None known

- Ingestion Material is practically non-toxic. Small amounts (1-2 tablespoonfuls) swallowed

during normal handling operations are not likely to cause injury as long as the

stomach is not overly full; swallowing larger amounts may cause injury.

Note to physician Large doses may produce systemic alkalosis and expansion in extracellular fluid

volume with edema. No specific antidote.

Treat symptomatically and supportively. In case of ingestion DO NOT induce vomiting.

5. Fire - fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media Material is not combustible. Use extinguishing media appropriate to surrounding

fire conditions.



According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR 1910.1200 (GHS)

Product name AquaZone Alkalinity Increaser

10/08/2011

Product id AS_2059_AQ Revision date 15/09/2014

Unusual fire and explosion

hazards

Supersedes

When heated to decomposition, may release poisonous fumes of Na2O, CO2.

Revision: 4

Fire fighting procedure Fire fighters should wear full protective clothing and self-contained breathing

apparatus (SCBA) in positive pressure mode.

6. Accidental release measures

protective clothes

Methods for cleaning up Sweep up and shovel into suitable containers for disposal. Wash spill site with

water after material pickup is complete.

Environmental precautions Avoid release to the aquatic environment.

7. Handling and storage

Handling Sodium Bicarbonate reacts with acids to yield carbon dioxide gas which can

accumulate in confined spaces. Do not enter confined spaces until they have been well ventilated and carbon dioxide and oxygen levels have been determined to be

safe.

Storage Store in a dry, cool area away from incompatible materials (see "materials to

avoid").

8. Exposure controls / personal protection

Exposure Limits:

Components	ACGIH-TLV Data	OSHA (PEL) Data
SODIUM BICARBONATE	Not determined	Not determined
144-55-8		

Ventilation requirements Minimize eye and skin contact by using appropriate protective equipement. Use

local exhaust as necessary, especially under dusty conditions.

Personal protective equipment:

- Respiratory protection Dust mask required if total dust level exceeds 10 mg/m³.



According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR 1910.1200 (GHS)

AquaZone Alkalinity Increaser Product id AS 2059 AQ **Revision date** 15/09/2014

Revision: 4

Supersedes 10/08/2011

Product name

Protective gloves - Hand protection

Impervious gloves (rubber or neoprene)

(when working with solutions)

Chemical safety goggles - Eye protection

- Skin and body protection Full body protective clothes and boots.

Do not eat, smoke or drink where material is handled, processed or stored. Wash **Hygiene measures**

hands thoroughly after handling and before eating or smoking. Safety shower and

eve bath should be provided.

Physical and chemical properties

White crystalline powder **Appearance**

Odor None

Ha 8.2 (1% solution)

Not applicable (decomposes) Melting point/range

Not applicable **Boiling point/range** Non-combustible Flash point **Evaporation rate (ether=1)** Not applicable Flammable/Explosion limits Not applicable Not applicable Vapor pressure Vapor density Not applicable - Solubility in water 8.6 g/100ml at 20°C **Auto-ignition temperature** Not applicable

62 lb/Ft3 **Bulk density** Specific gravity 2.20

10. Stability and reactivity

Reacts with acids Reactivity

Stability Stable

Sodium Bicarbonate reacts with acids to yield carbon dioxide gas which can Possibility of hazardous

accumulate in confined spaces. reactions

Conditions to avoid Contact with acids except under controlled conditions. Heating above 65 °C. Materials to avoid Reacts with acids to release carbon dioxide gas and heat. May yield free caustic in

presence of lime dust (CaO) and moisture (i.e., water, perspiration). Dangerous reaction with monoammonium phosphate or a sodium-potassium alloy may occur.

Hazardous decomposition

products Na2O, CO2



According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR 1910.1200 (GHS)

AquaZone Alkalinity Increaser Product id AS 2059 AQ

15/09/2014 **Revision date** Revision: 4

Supersedes 10/08/2011

11. Toxicological information

Acute toxicity:

Product name

- Rat oral LD50 7.3 g/kg

- Rat inhalation LC50 4.74 mg/l

- Eye irritation (rabbit) Not irritant

- Dermal irritation (rabbit) Not irritant

Dermal sensitization Not a sensitizer

None Target organ effects

Chronic toxicity Administration of large doses of sodium bicarbonate to patients with renal

insufficiency can produce systemic alkalosis.

Not included in NTP 13th Report on Carcinogens Carcinogenicity

Not classified by IARC, OSHA, EPA.

12. Ecological information

Aquatic toxicity:

- LC50, Fish 7100 mg/l (Bluegill)

7700 mg/l (Rainbow trout)

- EC50, Crustacea 4100 mg/l (Daphnia)

Persistence and degradability Not expected to persist in the environment.

Biodegradation Biodegradation is not relevant for inorganic salts.

Bioaccumulative potential Not expected to bioaccumulate



According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR 1910.1200 (GHS)

Product name AquaZone Alkalinity Increaser

Product id AS_2059_AQ

Revision date 15/09/2014 Revision: 4

Supersedes 10/08/2011

13. Disposal considerations

Waste disposal Dispose of in a landfill in accordance with local, state and federal regulations

Disposal of PackagingEmpty containers should be disposed of in accordance with all applicable laws

and regulations

14. Transportation information

DOT Not regulated

15. Regulatory information

USA Reported in the EPA TSCA Inventory.

- Section 302 (EHS): Not listed

CERCLA/SARA - 302 ext. haz.

substances

No CERCLA RQ is applicable.

- SARA 313 Not listed

- SARA (311, 312) Not listed

Canada Listed in DSL

EU Reported in EINECS

Japan ENCS no. (1)-164

ISHL no. (1)-164

Australia Listed in AICS

Korea Listed

Philippines Listed in PICCS



According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR 1910.1200 (GHS)

Revision: 4

Product name AquaZone Alkalinity Increaser

Product id AS_2059_AQ
Revision date 15/09/2014

Supersedes 10/08/2011

16. Other information

This data sheet contains changes from the previous version in section(s)

2, 4, 5, 7, 8, 10

Although the information and recommendations set forth herein (hereinafter "information") are presented in good faith and believed to be correct as of the date hereof, NAVA Water Products makes no representations as to the completeness or accuracy thereof. Information is supplied upon the condition that the persons receiving same will make their own determination as to its safety and suitability for their purposes prior to use. In no event will NAVA Water Products be responsible for damages of any nature whatsoever resulting from the use of or reliance upon information. NO REPRESENTATIONS OR WARRANTIES, EITHER EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED, OF MERCHANT ABILITY, FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE OR OF ANY OTHER NATURE, ARE MADE HEREUNDER WITH RESPECT TO INFORMATION OR THE PRODUCT TO WHICH THE INFORMATION REFERS.

In an event of discrepancy between the contents of this SDS and the English version of it, the English version shall prevail.

Prepared by North America Regulatory Affairs

ICL-IP America Inc. 95 MacCorkle Ave., S.W.

South Charleston, WV 25303, USA Phone number: (304)746-3000

Prepared for W.W. Adcock

P.O. Box 492

Huntington Valley, PA 19006

Tel: (215) 947-3801

End of safety data sheet